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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/923,161	08/06/2001	Nicholas Frattalone	P24256-B USA	1517	
7590 07/13/2007 Gregory S. Bernabeo, Esq. Synnestvedt & Lechner LLP			EXAMINER		
			GREIMEL, JOCELYN		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		09/923,161	FRATTALONE, N	ICHOLAS				
		Examiner .	Art Unit					
		Jocelyn Greimel	3693	•				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 M	ay 2007.						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4) Claim(s) 1-6,8-25 and 27-42 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-6, 8-25 and 27-42 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Application Papers								
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
2) Notice 3) Information	e of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date	Paper	ew Summary (PTO-413) No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application					

DETAILED ACTION

This communication is in response to Applicant's Amendments and Remarks filed 29 March 2007 and the interview of 10 May 2007.

Status of Claims

Claims 1-6, 8-25 and 27-42 are currently pending. Claims 1, 6, 9, 15, 21, 22, 30, 32, 34 and 36 are currently amended. Claims 7 and 26 have been cancelled. Claims 1, 22, 30, 32 and 36 are independent claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.

- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Frankel (US Patent No. 6,070,151) in view of Real Estate Limited Partnerships Safe Bet (hereinafter, Real Estate). In reference to claims 1, 22, 30, 32 and 36, Frankel discloses a method and system for implementing a combined investment comprising the steps of:

- a. Receiving a capital contribution from each of a plurality of independent investors; aggregating a plurality of capital contributions;
- b. Controlling a collateralizable first investment, a portfolio of securities with a growth objective, the first investment representing ownership interests of a plurality of independent investors, proportionately;
- c. Obtaining financing collaterized by the first investment (col.5, lines 15-40;col. 6, lines 1-9).

However, Frankel does not disclose the method, including: acquiring a second investment using the financing, the second investment being selected for achieving an income-producing objective; applying at least a portion of any returns on the second investment to the benefit of the plurality of independent investors; and whereby each of the plurality of independent investors becomes an investor in a combined investment of the first and second investments.

Real Estate discloses a method, including:

d. Acquiring a second investment using the financing, the second investment

being selected for achieving an income-producing objective; and

e. Applying at least a portion of any returns on the second investment to the

benefit of the plurality of independent investors;

f. Whereby each of the plurality of independent investors becomes an

investor in a combined investment of the first and second investments (pages 1-

2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's

invention to have modified the securities collateral method to include the investment

approach of Real Estate because the collateralized securities could be used as

collateral for various other investments, including real estate.

In reference to claims 2-7, Frankel teaches a method: wherein said first investment

comprises a portfolio of securities; wherein said portfolio comprises a combination of

securities selected for achieving an objective of long term growth; wherein said portfolio

comprises a debt obligation insured by a third party guarantor; whereby each of said

plurality of independent investors becomes an owner of a proportionate share of said

second investment; wherein said first investment comprises a portfolio of securities

selected to achieve an objective of growth and said second investment comprises a real

estate asset, whereby each of said plurality of independent investors becomes an

investor in a combined investment of first and second asset classes without the need for

additional investment capital; and where the second investment comprises a real estate asset (col. 2, lines 64-67; col. 3, lines 1-12 and 40-53).

However, in regard to the above claims, Frankel does not disclose the method, including: acquiring a second investment using the financing, the second investment being selected for achieving an income-producing objective; applying at least a portion of any returns on the second investment to the benefit of the plurality of independent investors; and whereby each of the plurality of independent investors becomes an investor in a combined investment of the first and second investments.

Real Estate discloses a method, including:

- g. Acquiring a second investment using the financing, the second investment being selected for achieving an income-producing objective; and
- h. Applying at least a portion of any returns on the second investment to the benefit of the plurality of independent investors;
- i. Whereby each of the plurality of independent investors becomes an investor in a combined investment of the first and second investments (pages 1-2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to have modified the securities collateral method to include the investment approach of Real Estate because the collateralized securities could be used as collateral for various other investments, including real estate.

In reference to claims 8-16, Frankel teaches a method: wherein said financing provides leverage of said first investment in the range of approximately 50% to approximately 100%; wherein said controlling step comprises the step of: managing said first investment to provide an enhanced returns to said plurality of independent investors; managing said second investment cooperatively with said first investment to provide enhanced returns to said plurality of independent investors; wherein said managing step is performed by an investment firm (col.5, lines 15-40; col. 6, lines 1-9).

Frankel additionally discloses: wherein said financing is obtained from said investment firm; wherein said financing is selected from the group consisting of a line of credit, a self-liquidating loan, a fixed rate loan, a variable rate loan, an interest- only loan, a term loan, a balloon loan, and any combination of one or more thereof; wherein said applying step comprises the step of: distributing a portion of any income from said second investment to each of said plurality of independent investors; wherein said applying step comprises the step of: utilizing a portion of any income from said second investment to purchase an additional investment in an asset class of said first investment; wherein said applying step comprises the step of: utilizing a portion of any income from said second investment to purchase an additional investment in an asset class of said second investment; wherein said applying step comprises the step of: holding a portion of any income from said second investment; wherein said applying step comprises the step of: holding a portion of any income from said second investment as cash (col. 2, lines 64-67; col. 3, lines 1-12 and 40-53). However, in regard to the above claims, Frankel does not disclose the method, including: acquiring a second investment using the financing, the second

investment being selected for achieving an income-producing objective; applying at

least a portion of any returns on the second investment to the benefit of the plurality of

independent investors; and whereby each of the plurality of independent investors

becomes an investor in a combined investment of the first and second investments.

Real Estate discloses a method, including:

j. Acquiring a second investment using the financing, the second investment

being selected for achieving an income-producing objective; and

k. Applying at least a portion of any returns on the second investment to the

benefit of the plurality of independent investors;

I. Whereby each of the plurality of independent investors becomes an

investor in a combined investment of the first and second investments (pages 1-

2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's

invention to have modified the securities collateral method to include the investment

approach of Real Estate because the collateralized securities could be used as

collateral for various other investments, including real estate.

In reference to claims 17-21, Frankel discloses a method: wherein said applying step

comprises the step of: paying operating expenses relating to said first investment or

said second investment; wherein said applying step comprises the step of: reducing a

debt obligation resulting from said financing; wherein said step of controlling said first

investment comprises the steps of: and receiving a capital contribution from each of said plurality of independent investors; aggregating a plurality of said capital contributions to acquire said first investment; wherein said step of controlling said first investment comprises receiving control over a portion of assets associated with a pension fund; wherein said step of acquiring said second investment comprises a refinancing of properties owned by at least one of said plurality of independent investors (col. 2. lines 64-67; col. 3. lines 1-12 and 40-53; col.5, lines 15-40; col. 6, lines 1-9). In reference to claim 23-29, Frankel teaches a method: wherein said securities comprise equities; wherein said equities are selected for achieving an objective of long term growth; wherein said securities comprise a debt obligation insured by a third party guarantor; wherein said second investment comprises an investment in a real estate asset; cooperatively managing said first and second investments by cross-utilizing at least a portion of any returns thereon for the objective of providing enhanced returns to said plurality of independent investors; wherein said managing step is performed by an investment firm, and wherein said financing is obtained from said investment firm; issuing a number of ownership shares to each of said plurality of individual investors to reflect an ownership interest in said combined investment (col. 2, lines 64-67; col. 3, lines 1-12 and 40-53). However, in regard to the above claims, Frankel does not disclose the method, including: acquiring a second investment using the financing, the second investment being selected for achieving an income-producing objective; applying at least a portion of any returns on the second investment to the benefit of the plurality of independent investors; and whereby each of the plurality of independent

investors becomes an investor in a combined investment of the first and second investments.

Real Estate discloses a method, including:

m. Acquiring a second investment using the financing, the second investment

being selected for achieving an income-producing objective; and

n. Applying at least a portion of any returns on the second investment to the

benefit of the plurality of independent investors;

o. Whereby each of the plurality of independent investors becomes an

investor in a combined investment of the first and second investments (pages 1-

2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to have modified the securities collateral method to include the investment

approach of Real Estate because the collateralized securities could be used as

collateral for various other investments, including real estate.

In reference to claims 31, 33-35 and 37-42, the claims language is similar to the claims

detailed above. The limitations of claims 31, 33-35 and 37-42 closely parallel the above

claims. Therefore, claims 31, 33-35 and 37-42 are rejected under the same rationale as

set forth in the claims supra.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6, 8-25 and 27-42 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jocelyn Greimel whose telephone number is (571) 272-3734. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8:30 AM - 4:30 PM EST. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Kramer can be reached on (571) 272-6783. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Art Unit: 3693

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Jocelyn Greimel Examiner, Art Unit 3693 July 2, 2007

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